



Dissolved Reactive phosphorus, 2009–2013

Metadata

File Identifier

d99610cb-a43e-b72e-06bd-758b2d9edcd7

Language

eng

Character Set

Character Set Code

utf8

Hierarchy Level

Scope Code

dataset

Hierarchy Level Name

dataset

Contact

Responsible Party

Organisation Name

Environmental Reporting, Ministry for the Environment and Statistics New Zealand

Position Name

Analyst

Contact Info

Contact

Address

Address

Delivery Point

23 Kate Sheppard Place, PO Box 10362

City

Wellington 6143

Country

New Zealand

Electronic Mail Address

Environmental.Reporting@mfe.govt.nz

Role

Role Code
distributor

Date Stamp

Date
2016-01-21

Metadata Standard Name

ANZLIC Metadata Profile: An Australian/New Zealand Profile of AS/NZS ISO 19115:2005,
Geographic information - Metadata

Metadata Standard Version

1.1

Reference System Info

Reference System
Reference System Identifier
Identifier
Code
2193

Identification Info

Data Identification

Citation
Citation
Title
Dissolved Reactive phosphorus, 2009–2013
Date

Abstract

"Phosphorus is an essential nutrient for plant and animal life. Phosphorus can vary due to differences in land use, climate, elevation, and geology. Total phosphorus (TP) includes all concentrations in a sample, whether dissolved, in solid form or bound to sediment in the river. Dissolved reactive phosphorus (DRP) is the portion which is dissolved and can immediately support plant and algae growth. Excess phosphorus in our rivers can cause large amounts of (sometimes toxic) algae to grow, which can harm river health and reduce the recreational and aesthetic value of rivers. This dataset relates to the ""Geographic pattern of phosphorus in river water"" measure on the Environmental Indicators, Te taiao "

Status

Progress Code
completed

Point Of Contact

Responsible Party
Organisation Name
Environmental Reporting, Ministry for the Environment and Statistics New Zealand

Position Name

| Analyst

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| 23 Kate Sheppard Place, PO Box 10362

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| Country

| New Zealand

| Electronic Mail Address

| Environmental.Reporting@mfe.govt.nz

Role

| Role Code

| distributor

Resource Maintenance

| Maintenance Information

| Maintenance And Update Frequency

| Maintenance Frequency Code

| irregular

Resource Format

| Format

| Name

| *.xml

| Version

| Unknown

Descriptive Keywords

| Keywords

| Keyword

| New Zealand

| Type

| Keyword Type Code

| theme

Thesaurus Name

| Citation

| Title

| ANZLIC Jurisdictions

Date

Edition

| Version 2.1

Edition Date

| Date

| 2008-10-29

Identifier

| Identifier

| Code

| <http://asdd.ga.gov.au/asdd/profileinfo/anzlic-jurisdic.xml#anzlic-jurisdic>

Cited Responsible Party

| Responsible Party

| Organisation Name

| ANZLIC the Spatial Information Council

| Role

| Role Code

| custodian

Descriptive Keywords

Keywords

Keyword

| WATER

Keyword

| WATER-Quality

Type

Keyword Type Code

| theme

Thesaurus Name

Citation

Title

| ANZLIC Search Words

Date

Edition

| Version 2.1

Edition Date

| Date

| 2008-05-16

Identifier

Identifier

Code

<http://asdd.ga.gov.au/asdd/profileinfo/anzlic-theme.xml#anzlic-theme>

Cited Responsible Party

Responsible Party

Organisation Name

ANZLIC the Spatial Information Council

Role

Role Code

custodian

Resource Constraints

Legal Constraints

Use Limitation

Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 New Zealand by Ministry for the Environment

Access Constraints

Restriction Code

license

Resource Constraints

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Language

eng

Character Set

Character Set Code

utf8

Topic Category Code

environment

Extent

EX _ Extent

Geographic Element

EX _ Geographic Description

Identifier

Authority

Citation

Title

ANZMet Lite Country codelist

Date

Edition

Version 1.0

Edition Date

Date

2009-03-31

Identifier

Identifier

Code

<http://asdd.ga.gov.au/asdd/profileinfo/anzlic-country.xml#Country>

Cited Responsible Party

Responsible Party

Organisation Name

ANZLIC the Spatial Information Council

Role

Role Code

custodian

Code

nzl

Extent

EX _ Extent

Geographic Element

EX _ Geographic Bounding Box

167.534694771177.881584208-46.6296622637-35.0386283946

Distribution Info

Distribution

Transfer Options

Digital Transfer Options

On Line

Online Resource

Linkage

URL

<https://data.mfe.govt.nz/layer/52696-dissolved-reactive-phosphorus-20092013/>

Data Quality Info

DQ _ Data Quality

Scope

DQ _ Scope

Level

Scope Code

dataset

Level Description

Scope Description

Other

dataset

Lineage

LI _ Lineage

Statement

Source: National Institute of Water and Atmospheric Research, regional councils Method: "In New Zealand, most phosphorus enters our rivers and lakes attached to eroded soil (Elliot et al 2005). While bound to sediment, it is not immediately available as a nutrient for plants and algae. However, over time and in the right conditions bound phosphorus can gradually dissolve, stimulating growth of aquatic algae for many years. Two forms of phosphorus are reported on: – Total Phosphorus, which accounts for all the phosphorus in our rivers regardless of the form it is in. This includes the portion which is dissolved and available to plants and algae now, and that which is bound to soil or sediment and may become available in the future. – Dissolved reactive phosphorus, indicates how much phosphorus is immediately available to support algae and plant growth. Samples for phosphorus analysis are collected from the river at fixed locations, and sent to a laboratory for chemical analysis. Estimates of median phosphorus across New Zealand is based on monthly or quarterly phosphorus concentrations from the 16 regional councils (500 and 442 river sites for total phosphorus and dissolved reactive phosphorus respectively) and 77 sites along 35 major rivers measured monthly by NIWA. This is inferred from the predominant land cover in a catchment and the surrounding landscape characteristics, such as, climate, elevation, and geology. The accuracy of the data source is of high quality. Reference: Elliott, AH, Alexander, RB, Schwartz, GE, Shanker, U, Sukias, JPS, & McBride, GB (2005). Estimation of nutrient sources and transport for New Zealand using the hybrid mechanistic–statistical model SPARROW. Journal of Hydrology (NZ), 44(1), 1–27."

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